تابع نمازج امتحانات العظام

النموذج التالي قمت بتجميع اسئلته من نمازج متعددة التخصصات لامتحانات الهيئة برجاء مراجعة الاجابات

:The most common site for osteomyelitis is (522

- a. Epiphysis
- b. Diaphysis
- c. ****physis
- d. Blood flow

The correct answer is c

The most important exogenous risk factor for (506 :osteoporosis is

- a. Alcohol intake
- b. Age
- c. Smoking
- d. Lack of exercise

the correct answer is c

A boy felt down on his elbow , the lateral x-ray (514 :shows

- a. Anterior Pad sign
- b. Posterior pad sign
- c. Anterior line of humerous intersecting the cubilium
- d. Radial line forming 90 degree with cubilium the correct answer is A

70y male with osteoporosis the T score of bone (552 : densometry would be

- a. -3.5
- b. -2.5
- c. 1
- d. 2
- e. 3.5

What is the initial management for a patient (567 newly diagnosed knee osteoarthritis. a. Intra-articular corticosteroid. b. Reduce weight. c. Exercise. d. .Strengthening of quadriceps muscle

The correct answer is b	

Which of the following is true regarding perths (587 : disease

- . A. Commonly seen between 11-16 years of age
- . B. Always unilateral
- . C. May present by painless limp
- D. Characteristically affect the external rotation of . hip
 - . E. More in female

The correct answer is c

Perthes disease (Leg-Calve perthes disease) is a condition affecting the hip joint where there is degenerative avascular necrosis of the femoral head. It affects children aged 3-12 years & is more common in males. It is most commonly but not always unilateral (85% is unilateral). It presents mainly by severe hip pain & limping that increases by movement but it can present by painless limp. It characteristically affects the internal rotation & .abduction of the hip & limits these movements Patient was presented by back pain relieved by (588)

: ambulation , what is the best initial treatment

- . A. Steroid injection in the back
- . B. Back bracing
- . C. Physical therapy

The correct answer is c

Patient with early rheumatoid arthritis, what is (589 your management to decrease the limitation of : movement

Do not use analgesics or steroids, use DMARDs like - methotrexate or antiTNF, hydroxychloroquine little finger, with atrophy of the hypothenar (590 muscles, EMG showed cubital tunnel compression of

- : the ulnar nerve , what is your action now
- . A. Ulnar nerve decompression
- . B. Steroid injection
- . C. CT scan of the spine

The correct answer is a

patient came after deep laceration at the anterior :part of the wrist a. Wrist drop b. Sensory loss only c. Claw hand d. Unable to do thumb opposition
The correct answer is d Radial nerve injury: wrist drop, common with -1 humers injury (humers groove) Unlar nerve injury: claw hand, common with -2 elbow injury Median nerve inury: unable to do thumb opposition -3 , common with wrist injury
Old lady afraid of Osteoprosis, to avoid the risk, (669 :you should advise her to do a) Weight bearing exercise ? (b ? (c ? (d
.Q is not complete Sickle cell anemia patient presented with (670 asymptomatic unilateral hip pain, most likely :diagnosis is a) Septic arthritis b) Avascular Necrosis ? (c
The correct answer is b
Best way to decrease pain in elderly with (669 :bilateral knee pain and crepitation is a) NSAID b) Decrease weight c) Exercise ? (d

The correct answer is b , (I'm not sure)

Young male with morning stiffness at back (671 relieved with activity and uveitis a) Ankylosing Spondylitis? (b
Young patient with HTN came complaining of (669 high blood pressure and red, tender, swollen big left toe, tender swollen foot and tender whole left leg.: Diagnosis is a) Cellulitis b) Vasculitis c) Gout Arthritis ?? (d
The correct answer is a , because tender and swollen .whole left leg
:Bursitis of the elbow joint caused by (672 a) Elbow trauma b) Autoimmune disease c) Staph. Aureus d) ? rupture of bursa
The correct answer is a
The best non-medical therapy is proven to be of (669 :benefit for osteoarthritis is a) Muscle strength exercise b) Give NSAID c) Back slap ? (d The correct answer is a